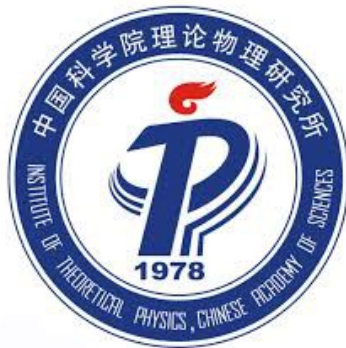


IHEP CAS, Beijing

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Phenomenology of low-energy flavour models: rare processes and dark matter

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ITP CAS



Why are we interested in Flavour Physics?

SM flavour puzzle

- Why three families?
- Why the hierarchies?

$$m_t/m_e = 3.4 \times 10^5 \square$$

We need to find the scale of New Physics!

- LHC found a SM-like Higgs
- No sign of new phenomena
- We know there is new physics somewhere (DM, neutrino masses, baryogenesis etc.)

Hierarchy of SM fermion masses and mixing

Up quarks

$$\frac{m_c}{m_t} \approx \epsilon^4, \quad \frac{m_u}{m_t} \approx \epsilon^8$$

CKM matrix

$$V_{CKM} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \epsilon & \epsilon^3 \\ \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon^2 \\ \epsilon^3 & \epsilon^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Down quarks

$$\frac{m_s}{m_b} \approx \epsilon^3, \quad \frac{m_d}{m_b} \approx \epsilon^5$$

$$\epsilon \approx 0.23$$

Hints for an organizing principle: is there a dynamical explanation?

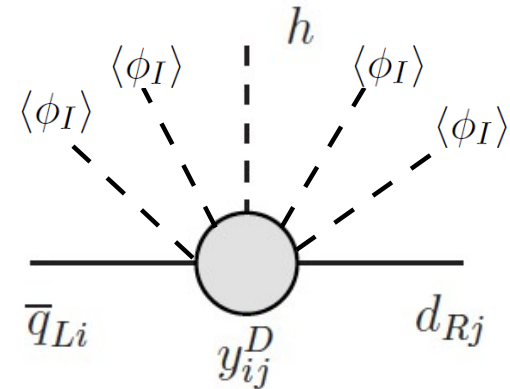
Froggatt-Nielsen flavour models

- SM fermions charged under a new horizontal symmetry G_F
- G_F forbids Yukawa couplings at the renormalisable level
- G_F spontaneously broken by “flavons” vevs $\langle \phi_I \rangle$
- Yukawas arise as higher dimensional operators

Froggatt Nielsen '79
Leurer Seiberg Nir '92, '93

$$\mathcal{L}_{yuk} = y_{ij}^U \bar{q}_{Li} u_{Rj} \tilde{h} + y_{ij}^D \bar{q}_{Li} d_{Rj} h + \text{h.c.}$$

$$y_{ij}^{U,D} \sim \prod_I \left(\frac{\langle \phi_I \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{I,ij}^{U,D}}$$



$\phi_I < M \implies \epsilon_I \equiv \langle \phi_I \rangle / M$ small exp. parameter

$n_{I,ij}^{U,D}$ dictated by the symmetry

What is G_F ?

Froggatt-Nielsen flavour models

G_F abelian or non-abelian, continuous or discrete

U(1), U(1) \times U(1), SU(2), SU(3), SO(3), A_4 ...

Froggatt Nielsen '79; Leurer Seiberg Nir '92, '93; Ibanez Ross '94; Dudas Pokorski Savoy '95; Binetruy Lavignac Ramond '96; Barbieri Dvali Hall '95; Pomarol Tommasini '95; Berezhiani Rossi '98; King Ross '01; Altarelli Feruglio '05...

U(1) example

Chankowski et al. '05

$$\begin{aligned} (\mathcal{Q}_{q_1}, \mathcal{Q}_{q_2}, \mathcal{Q}_{q_3}) &= (3, 2, 0) \\ (\mathcal{Q}_{u_1}, \mathcal{Q}_{u_2}, \mathcal{Q}_{u_3}) &= (3, 2, 0) \\ (\mathcal{Q}_{d_1}, \mathcal{Q}_{d_2}, \mathcal{Q}_{d_3}) &= (4, 2, 2) \end{aligned} \quad \mathcal{Q}_\phi = -1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{aligned} y_{ij}^u &= a_{ij}^u \epsilon^{\mathcal{Q}_{q_i} + \mathcal{Q}_{u_j}} \\ y_{ij}^d &= a_{ij}^d \epsilon^{\mathcal{Q}_{q_i} + \mathcal{Q}_{d_j}} \end{aligned} \quad \epsilon = \phi/M \approx 0.23$$

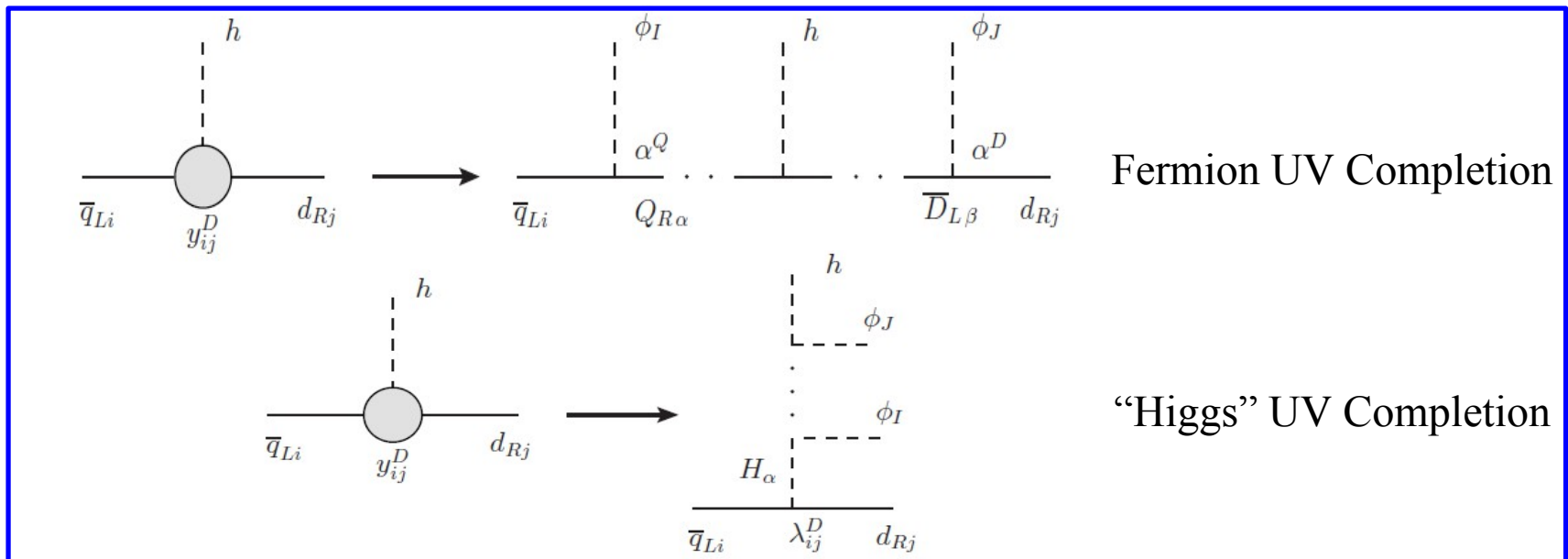
$$Y_u \sim \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon^6 & \epsilon^5 & \epsilon^3 \\ \epsilon^5 & \epsilon^4 & \epsilon^2 \\ \epsilon^3 & \epsilon^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad Y_d \sim \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon^7 & \epsilon^5 & \epsilon^5 \\ \epsilon^6 & \epsilon^4 & \epsilon^4 \\ \epsilon^4 & \epsilon^2 & \epsilon^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

What is M ?

The messenger sector

- If smaller than M_{pl} , M can be interpreted as the mass scale of new degrees of freedom: the “flavour messengers”
- New fields in vector-like representations of the SM group and G_F -charged
- Effective Yukawa couplings generated by integrating out the messengers.
- Two possibilities: heavy fermions or heavy scalars:

LC Lalak Pokorski Ziegler '12



messengers mix with SM fermions or scalar fields and induce FCNC

Bounds on effective FCNC operators

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_{d \geq 5} \frac{c_{ij}^{(d)}}{\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^{d-4}} O_{ij}^{(d)}$$

Hadronic FCNC and CPV:

Isidori Nir Perez '10

Operator	Bounds on Λ in TeV ($c_{ij} = 1$)		Bounds on c_{ij} ($\Lambda = 1$ TeV)		Observables
	Re	Im	Re	Im	
$(\bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)^2$	9.8×10^2	1.6×10^4	9.0×10^{-7}	3.4×10^{-9}	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$
$(\bar{s}_R d_L)(\bar{s}_L d_R)$	1.8×10^4	3.2×10^5	6.9×10^{-9}	2.6×10^{-11}	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$
$(\bar{c}_L \gamma^\mu u_L)^2$	1.2×10^3	2.9×10^3	5.6×10^{-7}	1.0×10^{-7}	$\Delta m_D; q/p , \phi_D$
$(\bar{c}_R u_L)(\bar{c}_L u_R)$	6.2×10^3	1.5×10^4	5.7×10^{-8}	1.1×10^{-8}	$\Delta m_D; q/p , \phi_D$
$(\bar{b}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)^2$	5.1×10^2	9.3×10^2	3.3×10^{-6}	1.0×10^{-6}	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{\psi K_S}$
$(\bar{b}_R d_L)(\bar{b}_L d_R)$	1.9×10^3	3.6×10^3	5.6×10^{-7}	1.7×10^{-7}	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{\psi K_S}$
$(\bar{b}_L \gamma^\mu s_L)^2$		1.1×10^2		7.6×10^{-5}	Δm_{B_s}
$(\bar{b}_R s_L)(\bar{b}_L s_R)$		3.7×10^2		1.3×10^{-5}	Δm_{B_s}

Update for D-D: Carrasco et al. '14

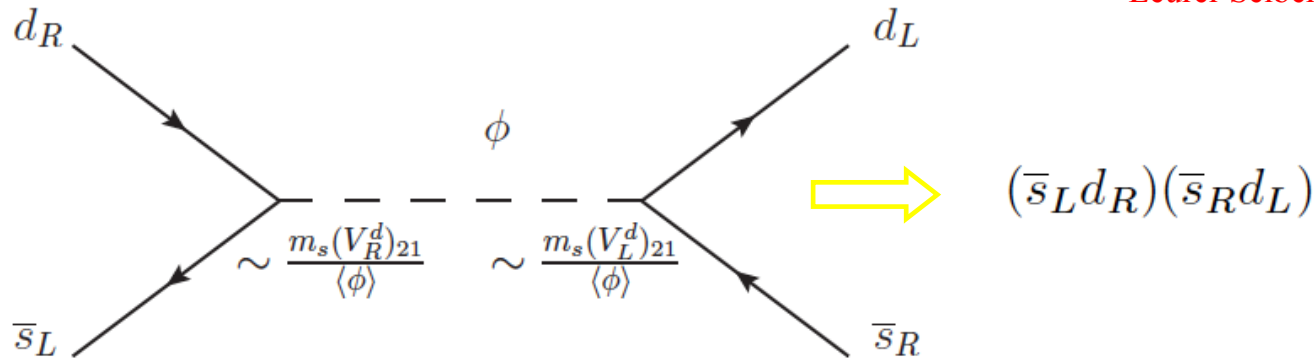
How light can the flavour dynamics be?

- Effective Yukawas imply fermion-flavon couplings

$$(m_f)_{ij} = a_{ij}^f \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{ij}^f} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L} \supset n^f \frac{m_f}{\langle \phi \rangle} f_L f_R \phi$$

- Generically flavour violating
- FCNC induced at tree-level, but suppressed by small quark masses, e.g.:

Leurer Seiberg Nir '92, '93



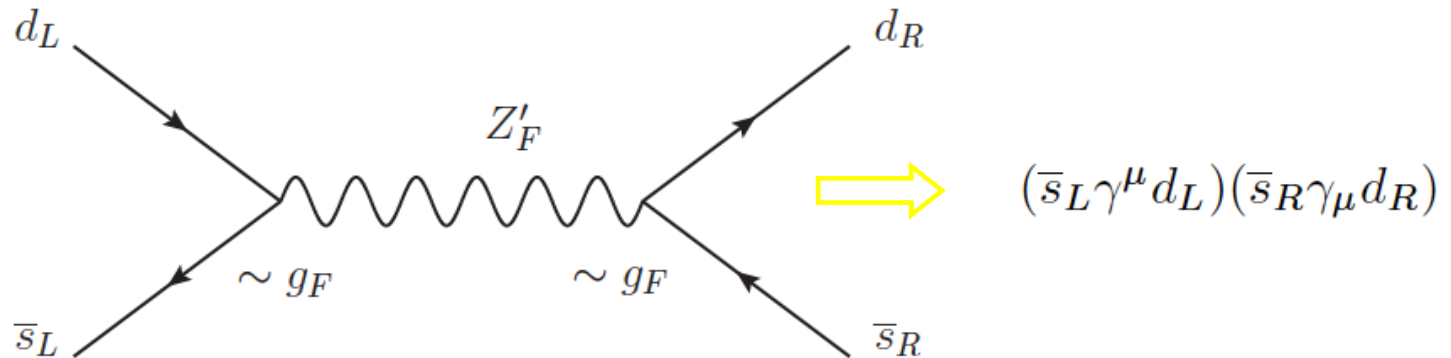
- What if the flavour symmetry is local?

How light can the flavour dynamics be?

- Local flavour symmetry \Rightarrow flavour gauge bosons, e.g. abelian Z' :

$$\mathcal{L} \supset g_F \bar{f} \gamma^\mu (\mathcal{Q}_{f_L} P_L + \mathcal{Q}_{f_R} P_R) f Z'_\mu$$

- FV couplings to fermions (different generations have different charges)
- FCNC also arise at tree-level, e.g.:



- Additional contributions arise from the messenger sector

Low-energy messengers

How light can the messenger sector be?

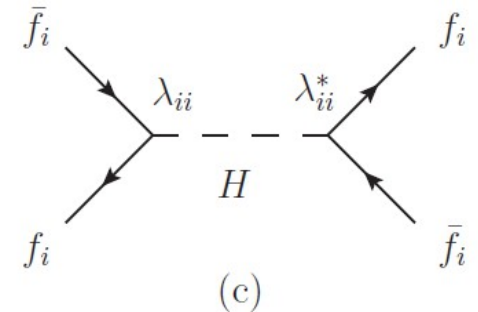
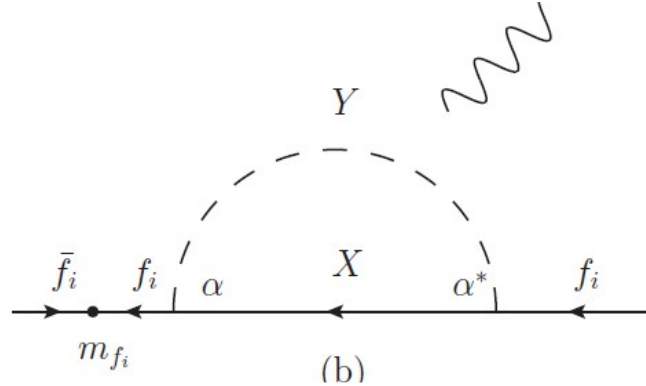
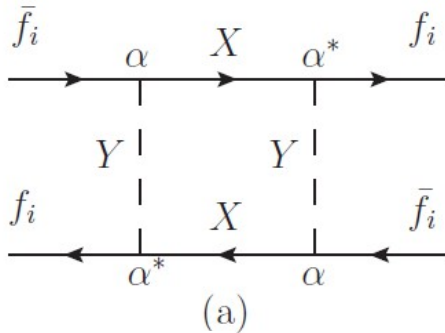
By construction always present couplings (with O(1) coeffs.) of the form:

FUVC

HUVC

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \alpha^Q \bar{q}_{Li} Q_{R\alpha} \phi_I + \alpha^D \bar{D}_{L\beta} d_{Rj} \phi_J + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \lambda_{ij}^D \bar{q}_{Li} d_{Rj} H_\alpha + \text{h.c.}$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} \supset \frac{|\alpha|^4}{16\pi^2 M^2} (\bar{f}_{Li} \gamma^\mu f_{Li})^2$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} \supset \frac{|\alpha|^2}{16\pi^2 M^2} m_i \bar{f}_{Li} \sigma^{\mu\nu} f_{Ri} F_{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} \supset \frac{|\lambda_{ij}|^2}{M^2} (\bar{d}_{Li} d_{Rj})(\bar{d}_{Rj} d_{Li})$$

Flavour conserving \Rightarrow Flavour violating in the mass basis:

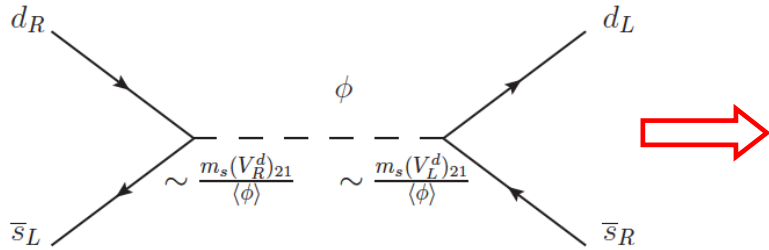
[Abelian models: no cancellations (different O(1) coefficients)]

$$d_{Li} \rightarrow d_{Li} + \sum_{j \neq i} \theta_{ij}^{DL} d_{Lj}$$

LC Lalak Pokorski Ziegler '12

U(1) example:

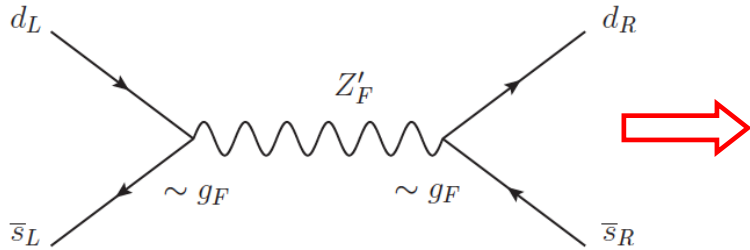
TeV-scale flavons are possible!



$$\Delta M_K : m_\phi \gtrsim 580 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\epsilon_K : m_\phi \gtrsim 2.3 \text{ TeV}$$

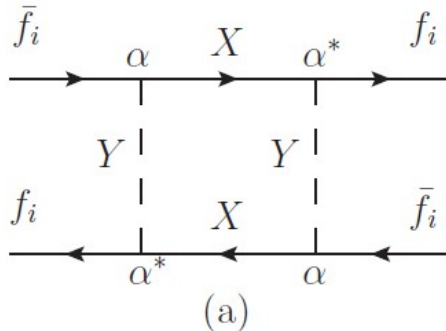
[with $\mathcal{O}(1)$ phases]



$$\Delta M_K : m_\phi \gtrsim \left(\frac{g_F}{10^{-3}} \right) \times 210 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\epsilon_K : m_\phi \gtrsim \left(\frac{g_F}{10^{-3}} \right) \times 3.3 \text{ TeV}$$

[with $\mathcal{O}(1)$ phases]



$$\Delta M_K : m_\phi \gtrsim 1.7 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\epsilon_K : m_\phi \gtrsim 27 \text{ TeV} \quad [\text{with } \mathcal{O}(1) \text{ phases}]$$

(indirect bounds from messenger sector)

- DM must interact weakly with the SM, likely to be a SM singlet
- We introduce DM: fermionic SM singlets charged under the flavour symmetry G_F
- Flavour interactions are the only connection between dark and visible sector
- Global G_F : DM and SM communicate only through flavon exchange
- Local G_F : interactions can be also mediated by flavour gauge bosons

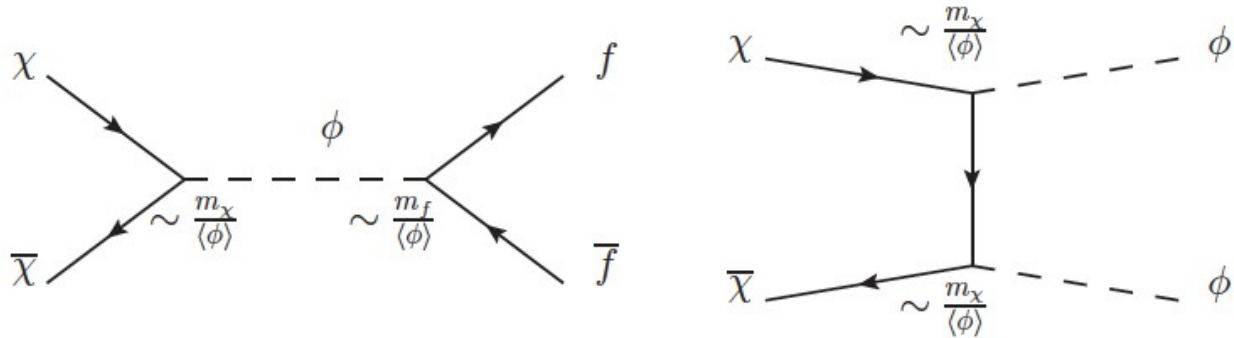
Generic setup: flavon mediation

Global G_F

$$(m_f)_{ij} = a_{ij}^f \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{ij}^f} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \quad m_\chi = b_\chi \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_\chi} \langle \phi \rangle \quad m_\phi = k \langle \phi \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset n^f \frac{m_f}{\langle \phi \rangle} f_L f_R \phi + (n_\chi + 1) \frac{m_\chi}{\langle \phi \rangle} \chi_L \chi_R \phi \equiv \lambda_f f_L f_R \phi + \lambda_\chi \chi_L \chi_R \phi$$

DM annihilation to SM:



$$\langle \sigma_{\phi v}^S \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^2 \lambda_f^2 m_\chi}{(4m_\chi^2 - m_\phi^2)^2 + \Gamma_\phi^2 m_\phi^2} T$$

$$\langle \sigma_{\phi v}^t \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^4}{m_\chi^3} T$$

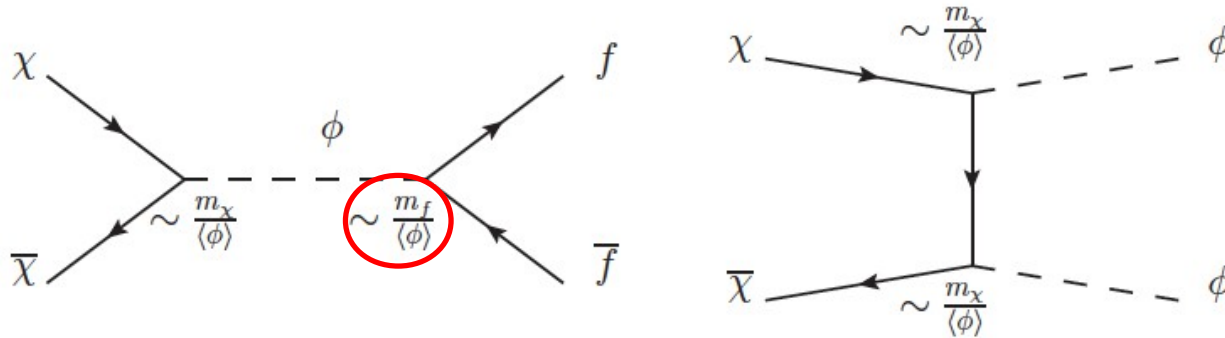
Generic setup: flavon mediation

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DM annihilation to SM:



$$\langle \sigma_\phi^S v \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^2 \lambda_f^2 m_\chi}{(4m_\chi^2 - m_\phi^2)^2 + \Gamma_\phi^2 m_\phi^2} T$$

$$\langle \sigma_\phi^t v \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^4}{m_\chi^3} T$$

annihilation to heavy flavours preferred

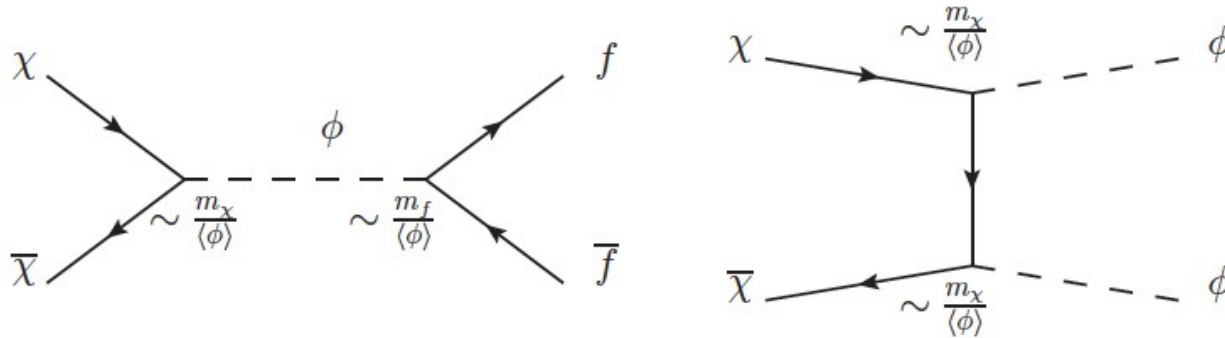
Generic setup: flavon mediation

Global G_F

$$(m_f)_{ij} = a_{ij}^f \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{ij}^f} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \quad m_\chi = b_\chi \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_\chi} \langle \phi \rangle \quad m_\phi = k \langle \phi \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset n^f \frac{m_f}{\langle \phi \rangle} f_L f_R \phi + (n^\chi + 1) \frac{m_\chi}{\langle \phi \rangle} \chi_L \chi_R \phi \equiv \lambda_f f_L f_R \phi + \lambda_\chi \chi_L \chi_R \phi$$

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$$\langle \sigma_{\phi v}^t \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^4}{m_\chi^3} T$$

couplings-suppressed only

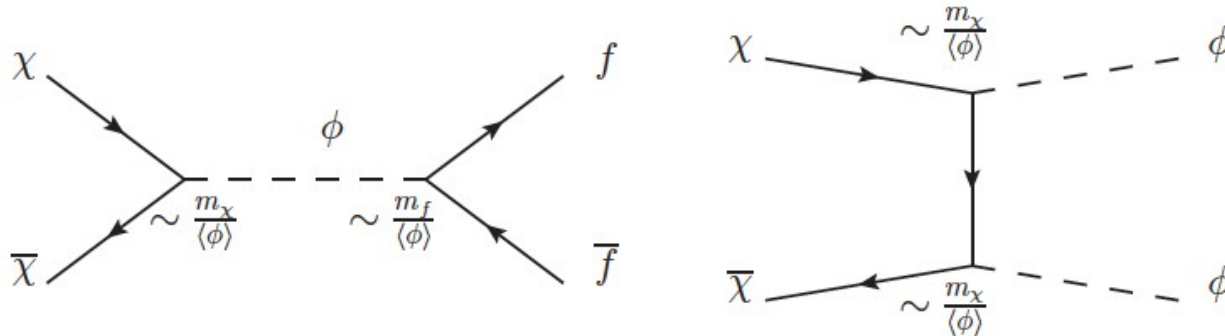
Generic setup: flavon mediation

Global G_F

$$(m_f)_{ij} = a_{ij}^f \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{ij}^f} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \quad m_\chi = b_\chi \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_\chi} \langle \phi \rangle \quad m_\phi = k \langle \phi \rangle$$

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DM annihilation to SM:



$$\langle \sigma_{\phi v}^S \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^2 \lambda_f^2 m_\chi}{(4m_\chi^2 - m_\phi^2)^2 + \Gamma_\phi^2 m_\phi^2} T \quad \langle \sigma_{\phi v}^t \rangle \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^4}{m_\chi^3} T$$

p-wave (velocity suppressed)

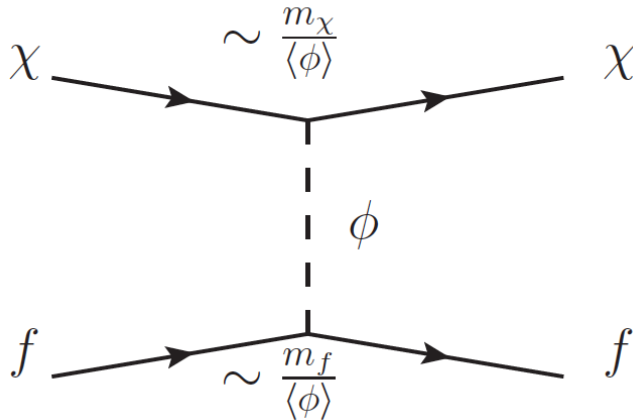
Generic setup: flavon mediation

Global G_F

$$(m_f)_{ij} = a_{ij}^f \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{ij}^f} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \quad m_\chi = b_\chi \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n^\chi} \langle \phi \rangle \quad m_\phi = k \langle \phi \rangle$$

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DM scattering with nuclei:



$$\sigma_\phi^{\text{SI}} \sim \frac{\lambda_\chi^2 \lambda_{\phi N}^2}{m_\phi^4} \mu_{\chi N}^2$$

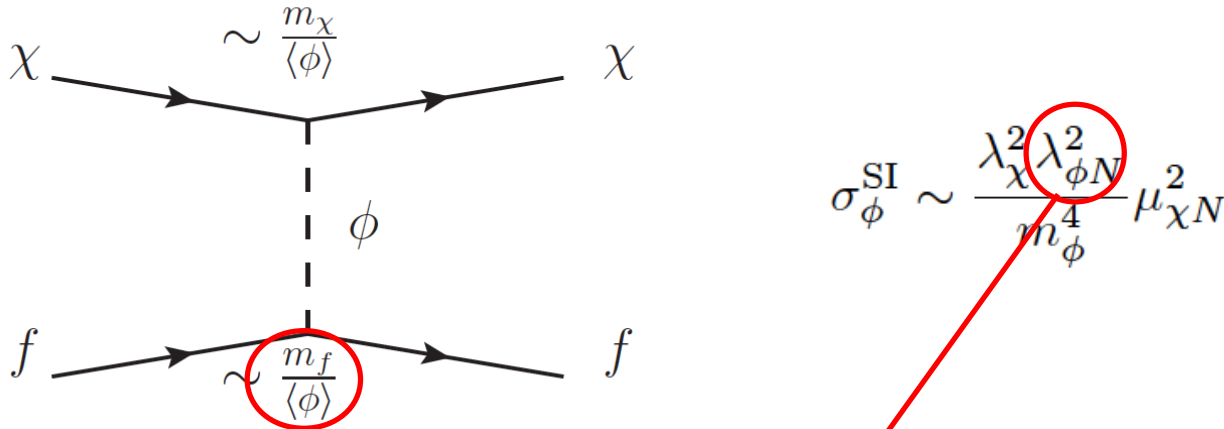
Generic setup: flavon mediation

Global G_F

$$(m_f)_{ij} = a_{ij}^f \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_{ij}^f} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \quad m_\chi = b_\chi \left(\frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{M} \right)^{n_\chi} \langle \phi \rangle \quad m_\phi = k \langle \phi \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset n^f \frac{m_f}{\langle \phi \rangle} f_L f_R \phi + (n_\chi + 1) \frac{m_\chi}{\langle \phi \rangle} \chi_L \chi_R \phi \equiv \lambda_f f_L f_R \phi + \lambda_\chi \chi_L \chi_R \phi$$

DM scattering with nuclei:



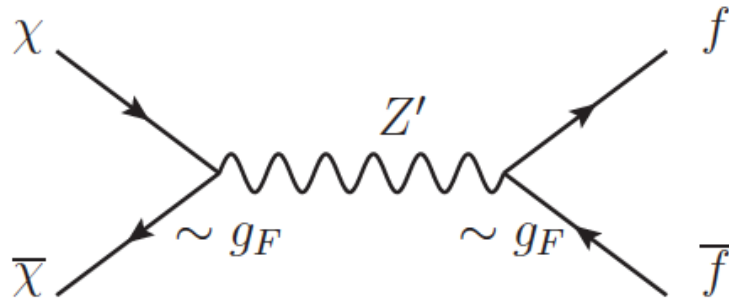
suppressed by light quark masses/matrix elements

Generic setup: flavour gauge bosons mediation

Local G_F

$$\mathcal{L} \supset g_F \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu (\mathcal{Q}_{\chi L} P_L + \mathcal{Q}_{\chi R} P_R) \chi Z'_\mu + g_F \bar{f} \gamma^\mu (\mathcal{Q}_{f L} P_L + \mathcal{Q}_{f R} P_R) f Z'_\mu$$

DM annihilation to SM:

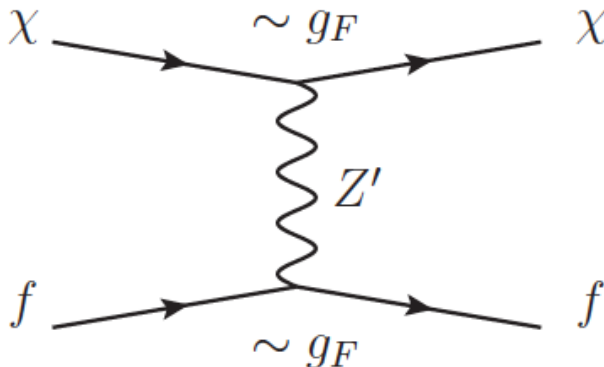


$$m_{Z'} = \sqrt{2} g_F \langle \phi \rangle$$

$$\langle \sigma_{Z'v} \rangle \sim \frac{g_F^4}{(m_{Z'}^2 - 4m_\chi^2)^2 + \Gamma_{Z'}^2 m_{Z'}^2} m_\chi^2$$

no velocity suppression
no quark mass dependence

DM scattering with nuclei:

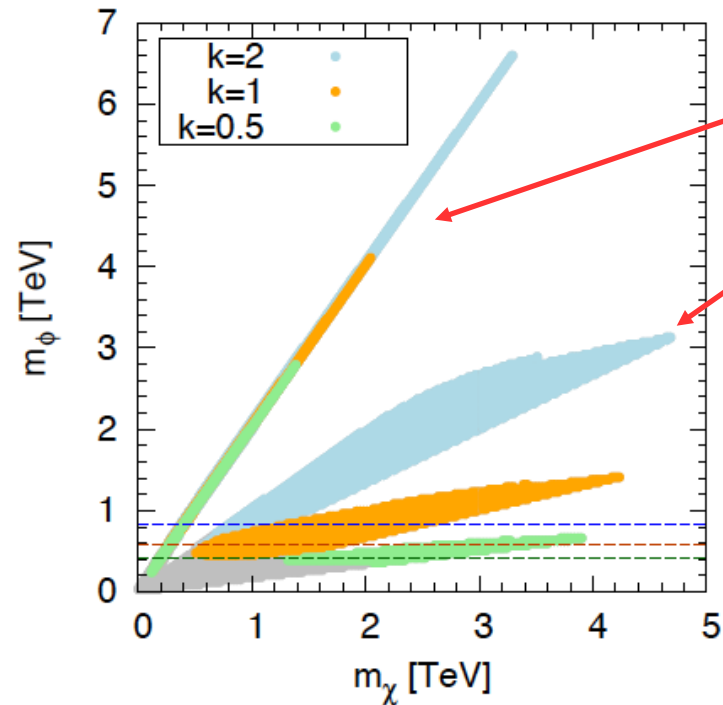


$$\sigma_{Z'}^{\text{SI}} \sim \frac{g_F^2 \lambda_{Z'N}^2}{m_{Z'}^4} \mu_{\chi N}^2 \quad \lambda_{Z'N} \propto g_F$$

Explicit example

Simple $U(1)_F$, only few parameters (besides $O(1)$ coeffs.): $m_\phi, m_\chi, k \equiv m_\phi/\langle\phi\rangle$

$$\lambda_{ij}^{(u,d)} = a_{ij}^{(u,d)} (Q_{q_i} + Q_{(u_j,d_j)}) \epsilon^{Q_{q_i} + Q_{(u_j,d_j)}} \frac{v}{\langle\phi\rangle}$$

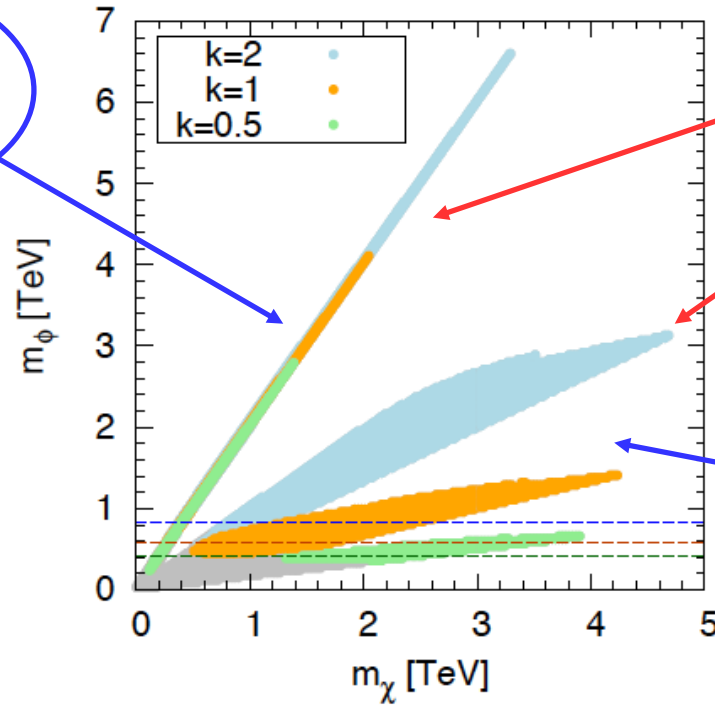
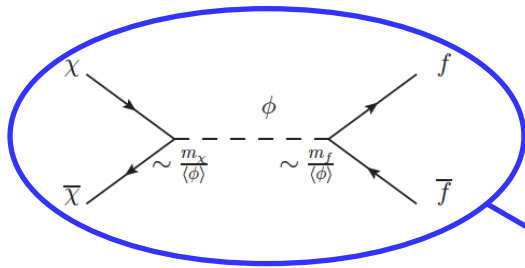


Thermal freeze-out via flavour portal motivation for TeV-scale flavour dynamics!

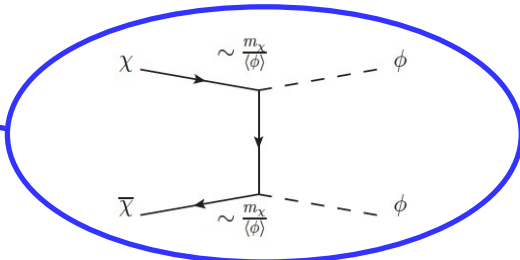
Explicit example

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$$\lambda_{ij}^{(u,d)} = a_{ij}^{(u,d)} (Q_{q_i} + Q_{(u_j,d_j)}) \epsilon^{Q_{q_i} + Q_{(u_j,d_j)}} \frac{v}{\langle \phi \rangle}$$



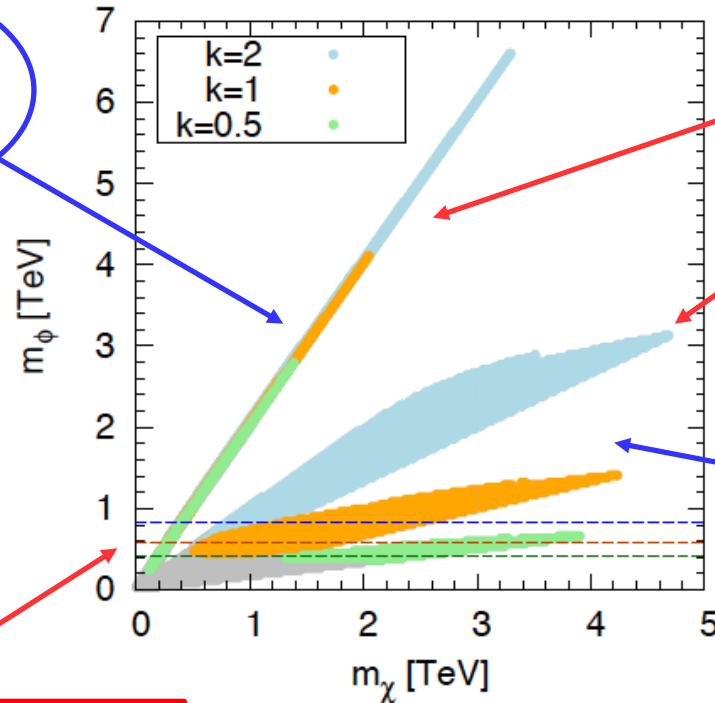
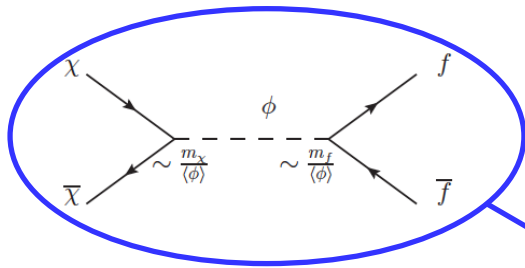
$\Omega_{DM} h^2 \leq 0.13$



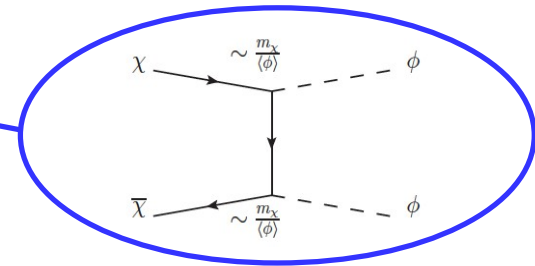
Explicit example

Simple $U(1)_F$, only few parameters (besides $O(1)$ coeffs.): $m_\phi, m_\chi, k \equiv m_\phi / \langle \phi \rangle$

$$\lambda_{ij}^{(u,d)} = a_{ij}^{(u,d)} (Q_{q_i} + Q_{(u_j,d_j)}) \epsilon^{Q_{q_i} + Q_{(u_j,d_j)}} \frac{v}{\langle \phi \rangle}$$



$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \leq 0.13$$

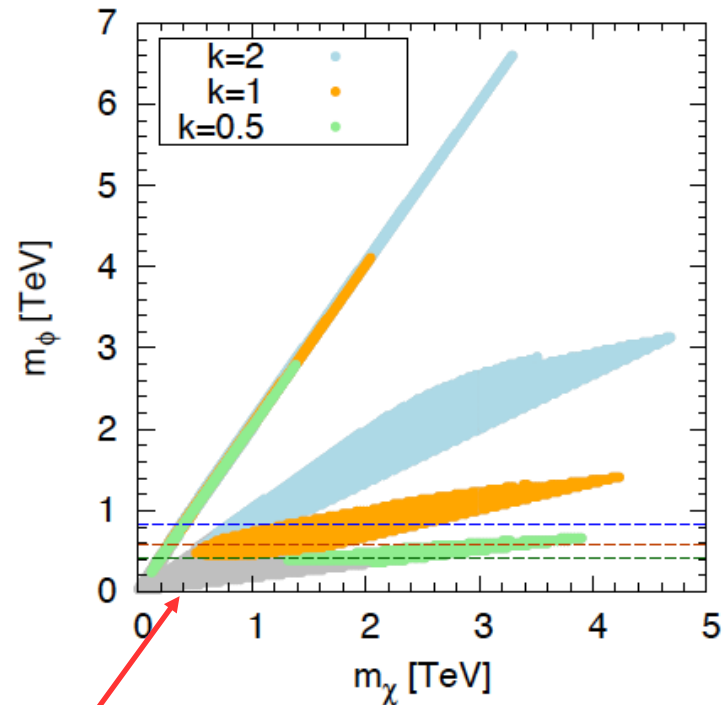


$$m_\phi \gtrsim \sqrt{k} \times 580 \text{ GeV}$$

Explicit example

Simple $U(1)_F$, only few parameters (besides $O(1)$ coeffs.): $m_\phi, m_\chi, k \equiv m_\phi/\langle\phi\rangle$

$$\lambda_{ij}^{(u,d)} = a_{ij}^{(u,d)} (\mathcal{Q}_{q_i} + \mathcal{Q}_{(u_j,d_j)}) \epsilon^{\mathcal{Q}_{q_i} + \mathcal{Q}_{(u_j,d_j)}} \frac{v}{\langle\phi\rangle}$$

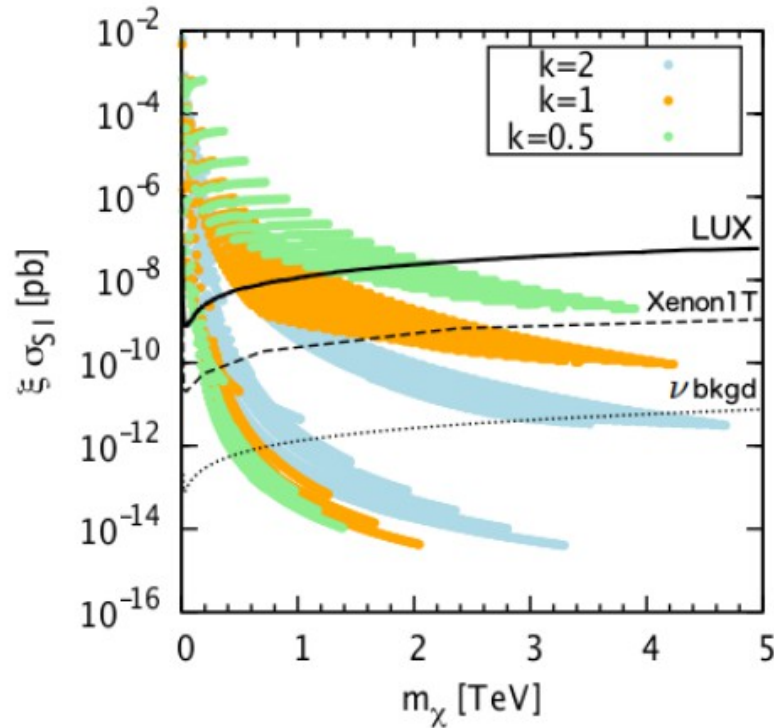


Excluded by direct searches

Explicit example

Simple $U(1)_F$, only few parameters (besides $O(1)$ coeffs.): $m_\phi, m_\chi, k \equiv m_\phi/\langle\phi\rangle$

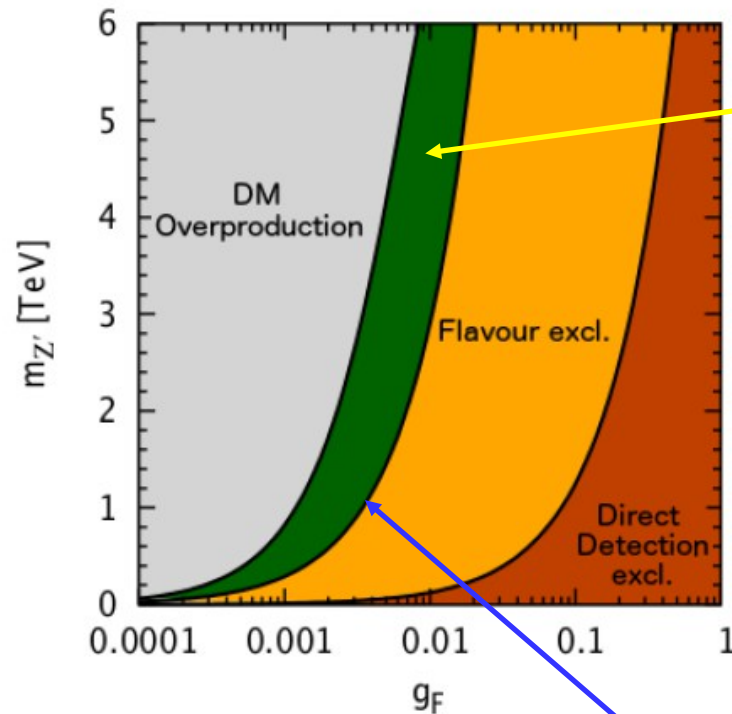
$$\lambda_{ij}^{(u,d)} = a_{ij}^{(u,d)} (\mathcal{Q}_{q_i} + \mathcal{Q}_{(u_j,d_j)}) \epsilon^{\mathcal{Q}_{q_i} + \mathcal{Q}_{(u_j,d_j)}} \frac{v}{\langle\phi\rangle}$$



Explicit example

Local $U(1)_F$, relic density bound only fulfilled on the resonance: $m_\chi \approx m_{Z'}/2$

$$m_\chi \approx m_{Z'}/2$$



Viable region

$$m_{Z'} \gtrsim \left(\frac{g_F}{10^{-3}} \right) \times 210 \text{ GeV}$$

Conclusions

Froggatt-Nielsen flavour models are possible explanation of hierarchies in fermion masses and mixing

FCNC constraints still allows TeV-scale flavour dynamics

Dark Matter can be a thermal relic charged under the flavour symmetry only

No ad hoc quantum numbers are needed: SM-DM interactions dictated by the flavour dynamics (“Flavour Portal”)

Direct DM searches and flavour experiments can test this class of models